acm

## Simplicity

For a string of letters, define the Simplicity of the string to be the number of distinct letters in the string. For example, the string string has simplicity 6 , and the string letter has simplicity 4.

You like strings which have simplicity either 1 or 2 . Your friend has given you a string and you want to turn it into a string that you like. You have a magic eraser which will delete one letter from any string. Compute the minimum number of letters you must erase in order to turn the string into a string with simplicity at most 2.

## Input

Each input will consist of a single test case. Note that your program may be run multiple times on different inputs. The input will consist of a line with a single string consisting of at least 1 and at most 100 lowercase letters.

## Output

Output a single integer, indicating the minimum number letters you need to erase in order to give the string a simplicity of 1 or 2 .

| Sample Input | Sample Output |
| :--- | :--- |
| string | 4 |
| letter | 2 |
| aadaaa | 0 |
| uncopyrightable | 13 |
| ambidextrously | 12 |
| assesses | 1 |
| assassins | 2 |

